Compound adjectives

An adjective is either: 1/simple i.e. made up of only <u>one</u> component /word. Eg: huge, beautiful, fertile etc. or 2/compound i.e. made up of <u>two or more</u> components. Those components are always separated by a hyphen (-).

Melissa, that sun-tanned girl wearing brand-new jeans, is absent-minded (forgetful), good-tempered (cheerful), warm-hearted (kind), and quick-witted (intelligent) if perhaps a little big-headed (proud of herself), two-faced (hypocritical) and self-centred (egotistical) at times.

Types of compound adjectives

Type 1: Noun + past participle eg: a hand-made pullover.

Type 2: Noun +adjective eg: a duty-free shop.

Type3: Noun + verb + ing eg: a heart -breaking story

Type4: Adjective+ noun eg: a long- distance lorry driver

Type5: Adjective+ noun + ed eg: a broad –shouldered man

Type6: Adjective+ verb+ ing eg: an easy- going boy

Type7: Adverb+ past participle eg: a smartly- dressed woman

Type8: Adverb+ verb+ ing eg: incredibly- convincing answer

Type9: Ordinal number+ noun eg: a second-hand car

Type10: Number+ year+ old eg: a thirty- year- old man

Type11: Number+ singular noun eg: a ten- pound note

Type12: past participle+ preposition eg: worn -out shoes/a built-up area

Exercise: Express differently using compound adjectives

1/ I saw a sailor with only one eye 2/My friend uses his left hand

3/The car was maintained badly 4/He shouts because he is in a bad temper

5/She has to go on diet with no sugar 6/A woman with straight hair

7/This lady is thirty five years old 8/We need a guide who speaks Spanish

9/The film Provokes thought 10/A satellite that orbits the earth

11/A magazine of 200 pages 12/She revised for the exam in the last minute

13/ In my family we are six children 14/ This artist is famous in the world

15/ The shop is has an air conditioner 16/ This task consumes a lot of time

17/She got a credit that is free of any interest 18/ She got a seat in the first class

